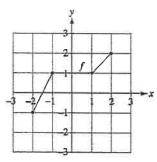
The graph of y = f(x) is shown below.



Mylana transforms y = f(x) such that the equation of the new graph is g(x) + 3 = f(x + 4).

- 1. The graph of y = g(x) lies in Quadrant
  - A. I
  - В. П
  - с. ш
  - D. IV

Use the following information to answer the next question.

The graph of y = f(x) is transformed to produce the graph of  $\frac{1}{4}g(x) = f\left(\frac{1}{9}x\right)$ .

The graph of y = f(x) was horizontally stretched about the y-axis by a factor of \_\_\_i and vertically stretched about the x-axis by a factor of \_\_\_i.

The statement above is completed by the information in row

| Row | î   | ü   |
|-----|-----|-----|
| A.  | 1/9 | 1/4 |
| В.  | 19  | 4   |
| C.  | 9   | 1/4 |
| D.  | 9   | 4   |

Math 30-1 Practice Diploma Modified from: questaplus.alberta.ca

#### Use the following information to answer the next question.

The range of the graph of y = f(x) is  $y \ge 4$ . The graph of the function y = f(x) is stretched vertically about the x-axis by a factor of 2 and then translated 9 units down to become the graph of y = g(x).

- 3. The range of the graph of y = g(x) is
  - A. [-1, ∞)
  - B. [−5, ∞)
  - C. [-7, ∞)
  - D. [-10, co)
- 4. If the graph of  $y = (x + 6)^2 5$  is reflected in the x-axis, then the equation of the new graph is

A. 
$$y = -(x+6)^2 + 5$$

B. 
$$y = -(x+6)^2 - 5$$

C. 
$$y = (-x+6)^2 + 5$$

D. 
$$y = (-x+6)^2 - 5$$

Use the following information to answer the next question.

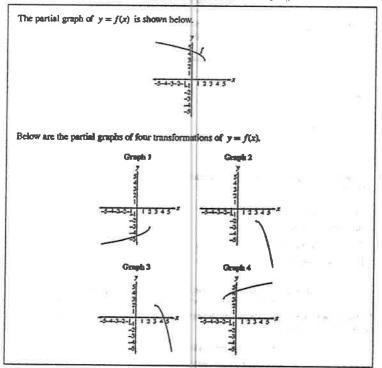
A student made the following statements about the graph of the exponential function  $f(x) = ab^x - 4$ , where a > 1, b > 1.

- 1 The y-intercept is at -4.
- 2 The y-intercept is at (a-4).
- 3 The domain is the set of all real numbers.
- 4 The range is  $\{y \mid y > 4, y \in R\}$ .
- 5 The graph has one x-intercept.
- 6 There is no x-intercept.

### Numerical Response

1. The three statements above that are true for the graph of y = f(x) are numbered \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_.

(Record all three digits of your answer in any order below.)

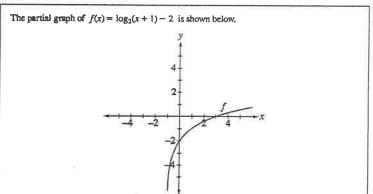


5. The partial graph that represents y = f(-x) is \_\_\_i and the partial graph that represents  $y = f^{-1}(x)$  is \_\_\_i

The statement above is completed by the information in row

| Row        | i       | II K     |  |  |
|------------|---------|----------|--|--|
| A.         | Graph 1 | Citaph 3 |  |  |
| B. Graph 1 |         | Cuph 2   |  |  |
| C.         | Graph 4 | Glaph 3  |  |  |
| D. Graph 4 |         | Guph 2   |  |  |

Math 30-1 Practice Diploma Modified from: questaplus.alberta.ca Use the following information to answer the next question.



- 6. On the graph of the inverse of y = f(x), the y-intercept is
  - A. -2
  - B. 2
  - C. -3
  - D. 3
- 7. The equation  $a=3b^{(2p)}$  can also be expressed in the logarithmic form
  - A.  $y = 2\log_{3b}(a)$
  - B.  $y = 2\log_b\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)$
  - $C. \quad y = \frac{1}{2} \log_{3b}(a)$
  - $D. \quad y = \frac{1}{2} \log_{\mathbf{b}} \left( \frac{a}{3} \right)$

- 8. An equivalent expression for  $2\log_3 a \log_3 c + \log_3 \sqrt{b}$  is
  - A.  $\log_3\left(\frac{a^2\sqrt{b}}{c^2}\right)$
  - $\mathbf{B.} \quad \log_3\!\!\left(\frac{a^2\sqrt{b}}{c}\right)$
  - C.  $\log_3\left(\frac{a^2}{c\sqrt{b}}\right)$
  - $\mathbf{D.} \quad \log_3\!\!\left(\frac{a^2}{c^2\sqrt{b}}\right)$
- 9. Given that  $\log_b a = c$ , where a, b > 0, and  $b \ne 1$ , a simplified expression

for 
$$\log_b \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}}{a} \right)$$
 is

- A.  $\frac{1}{2}b-c$
- **B.**  $\frac{1}{2} a$
- C.  $\frac{b}{2c}$
- $D. \quad \frac{1}{2c}$

Math 30-1 Practice Diploma Modified from: questaplus.alberta.ca

#### Use the following information to answer the next question,

The equations of two functions, where a > 1, are given below. Function g is a transformation of function f.

$$f(x) = \log_a x$$

$$g(x) = \log_a x + \log_a a$$

- 10. The graph of y = g(x) is the graph of y = f(x) translated
  - A. I unit up
  - B. a units up
  - C. I unit left
  - D. a units left

Use the following information to answer the next question.

A student is solving the equation  $\log_a(a-2) + \log_a(2a+1) = 2$ , where a > 2, by using an algebraic process.

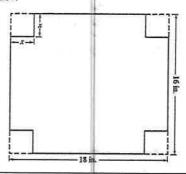
- 11. By correctly simplifying the equation above, the student could obtain the equation
  - A.  $2a^2 5a 2 = 0$
  - B.  $2a^2 3a 4 = 0$
  - C.  $a^2 3a 2 = 0$
  - D.  $a^2 3a + 1 = 0$

# Numerical Response

2. The radioactive isotope oxygen-22 has a half-life of 2.25 seconds. The time it will take for a sample of oxygen-22 to decay to 35% of its original amount, to the nearest hundredth of a second, is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_s.

(Record your answer below.)

An 18 in. by 16 in. rectangular piece of cardboard is used to make an open-top box with a volume of 336 in.<sup>3</sup> by cutting identical squares, of side length x inches, from each corner. A diagram is shown below.



12. A polynomial equation that can be used to determine the dimensions of the box is

A. 
$$x(18-2x)(16-2x)+336=0$$

B. 
$$x(18-2x)(16-2x)-336=0$$

C. 
$$2x(18-x)(16-x)+336=0$$

D. 
$$2x(18-x)(16-x)-336=0$$

Use the following information to answer the next question.

One factor of the polynomial  $2x^3 + 7x^2 - 2x - 15$  is x + 3. The remaining factor can be expressed in the form  $ax^2 + bx - c$ .

### Numerical Response

3. The values of a, b, and c are, respectively, \_

\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_

(Record all three digits of your answer below.)

Math 30-1 Practice Diploma Modified from: questaplus.alberta.ca Use the following information to answer the next question.

A student constructed the following table of values for a third-degree polynomial.

| x | -6 | -4 | -2 | 0 | I | 4 | 5 | 6   |
|---|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|-----|
| 7 | 33 | 0  | -7 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 0 | -15 |

13. The equation of the polynomial described by the table of values is

A. 
$$y = -x(x+5)(x-4)$$

B. 
$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x(x+5)(x-4)$$

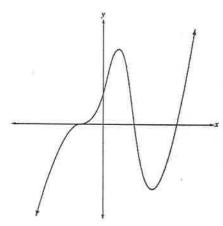
C. 
$$y = -x(x-5)(x+4)$$

D. 
$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x(x-5)(x+4)$$

## Numerical Response

4. If the domain of the radical function  $f(x) = \sqrt{23 - 5x} + 7.1$  is  $x \le k$ , then the value of k, to the nearest tenth, is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

The graph of a polynomial function is shown below. Five statements regarding the function are provided.



Statement 1

The polynomial function is of odd degree.

Statement 2

The least possible degree of the polynomial function is 3.

Statement 3

The leading coefficient is positive,

Statement 4

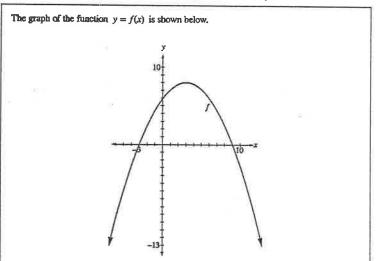
The polynomial function has an absolute maximum point.

Statement 5 At least one of the roots has an odd multiplicity.

- 14. The number of true statements that describe the polynomial function above is
  - A. 2
  - B. 3
  - C. 4
  - D. 5

Math 30-1 Practice Diploma Modified from: questaplus.alberta.ca

# Use the following information to answer the next question.



- 15. When the graph of y = f(x) is transformed to the graph of  $y = \sqrt{f(x)}$ , the number of invariant points is
  - A. 1
  - B. 2
  - C. 3
  - D. 4

Two rational functions are given below.

$$f(x) = \frac{x - 7}{3x^2 - 15x}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{x-1}{x^2 - 6x + 8}$$

The equations of the vertical asymptotes for the function y = f(x) are x = a and x = b.

The equations of the vertical asymptotes for the function y = g(x) are x = c and x = d.

## Numerical Response

5. In the functions above, the value of

a is \_\_\_\_\_ (Record in the first box)

b is \_\_\_\_\_ (Record in the second box)

c is \_\_\_\_\_ (Record in the third box)

d is \_\_\_\_\_ (Record in the fourth box)

16. If  $f(x) = \sqrt{3x}$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1$ , then an expression for g(f(x)) is

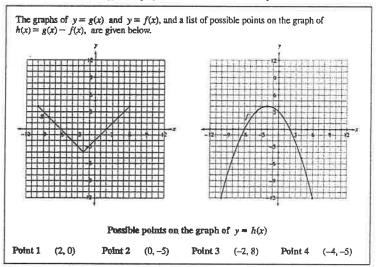
A.  $3x + 2\sqrt{3x} + 1$ 

B. 
$$9x^2 + 2\sqrt{3x} + 1$$

C. 
$$3x + \sqrt{6x} + 1$$

D. 
$$9x^2 + \sqrt{6x} + 1$$

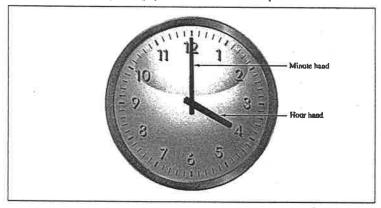
Math 30-1 Practice Diploma Modified from: questaplus.alberta.ca Use the following information to answer the next question.



#### Numerical Response

6. The three points listed above that exist on the graph of y = h(x) are numbered \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_.

(Record all three digits of your answer in any order)

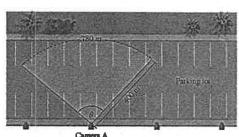


- 17. In 40 minutes, the number of radians the minute hand of a clock will travel through is
  - A. #
  - B,  $\frac{\pi}{20}$
  - C.  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$
  - D.  $\frac{4\pi}{3}$

Math 30-1 Practice Diploma Modified from: questaplus.alberta.ca

## Use the following information to answer the next question.

To prevent car thefts in a parking lot, security cameras are installed on the outer walls of several buildings, as represented in the diagram below. Camera A is programmed to have a recognition range of 400 m and covers an arc length of 780 m.



Note: This diagram is not drawn to scale.

- 18. The value of the angle,  $\theta$ , to the nearest degree, that Camera A turns through is
  - A. 290°
  - B. 112°
  - C. 92°
  - D. 29°

Use the following information to answer the next question.

The following statements are made with reference to the unit circle.

Statement I The point  $A\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$  lies on the unit circle.

Statement II The point  $B(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{2})$  lies on the unit circle.

Statement III For any point on the unit circle,  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

Statement IV Any point that lies on the unit circle can be described as  $(\sin \theta, \cos \theta)$ .

- 19. The statements that are true are numbered
  - A. I and III
  - B. I and IV
  - C. II and III
  - D. III and IV

Point P(x, y) lies on the terminal arm of an angle,  $\theta$ , in standard position.

- 20. Given that  $\sin \theta = \frac{5}{\sqrt{29}}$  and  $\frac{\pi}{2} \le \theta \le \pi$ , the coordinates of Point P could be
  - A. (-2, 5)
  - B. (-5, 2)
  - C.  $(-2, \sqrt{29})$
  - **D.**  $(-5, \sqrt{29})$

### Use the following information to answer the next question.

If  $\cot \theta = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}$  and  $\csc \theta < 0$ , where  $0 \le \theta < 2\pi$ , then the value of  $\theta$  can be expressed as  $\frac{a\pi}{b}$ 

- 21. Possible values of a and b are, respectively,
  - A. 2 and 3
  - B. 5 and 3
  - C. 5 and 6
  - D. 11 and 6

Math 30-1 Practice Diploma
Modified from: questaplus.alberta.ca

#### Use the following information to answer the next question.

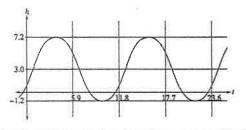
Below are five statements about the graph of  $f(x) = -6 \sin(\frac{1}{2}x + \pi) + 10$ .

- 1 The period of the graph of f(x) is  $4\pi$ .
- 2 The y-intercept of the graph of f(x) is 4.
- 3 The amplitude of the graph of f(x) is -6.
- 4 The graph of  $g(x) = 4\cos(2x \pi) + 12$  has the same maximum value as f(x).
- 5 The graph of f(x) is the same as the graph of  $h(x) = -6\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 10$  if h(x) is translated horizontally  $2\pi$  units left.

#### Numerical Response

7. The three statements above that are correct are numbered \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_ (Record all three digits of your answer in any order.)

The paddlewheel on a ferry boat has a radius of 4.2 m and rotates at a constant rate. The height, h, in metres, above the surface of the water of a particular point on the edge of the wheel at time t, in seconds, can be modelled by the function  $h = a \sin[b(t-1.2)] + d$ . The graph of the function is shown below.



22. The values of b and d in the equation above are, respectively,

A. 
$$\frac{\pi}{11.8}$$
 and 3.0

B. 
$$\frac{\pi}{11.8}$$
 and 4.2

C. 
$$\frac{\pi}{5.9}$$
 and 3.0

**D.** 
$$\frac{\pi}{5.9}$$
 and 4.2

Use the following information to answer the next question.

A student decides to graphically solve the equation  $\sec^2 x + 1 = 3 \tan x$  by graphing two functions. A list of possible functions that the student could use is provided below.

1 
$$y = 2$$

$$3 y = 3 \tan x$$

$$2 \qquad y = -\tan^2 x$$

$$4 \quad y = 2 + \tan^2 x$$

$$6 \quad y = 3\tan x - \tan^2 x$$

#### Numerical Response

8. To solve the equation correctly, the student could graph the functions numbered \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_. (There is more than one possible answer.)

(Record both digits of your answer in any order.)

Math 30-1 Practice Diploma Modified from: questaplus.alberta.ca

#### Use the following information to answer the next question.

Carol is asked to solve the equation  $3\sin x + \sqrt{8} = -\sin x$  algebraically, where  $0^{\circ} \le x < 360^{\circ}$ . Carol simplified the equation to the form  $\sin x = a$ .

#### 23. The value of a is

A. 
$$-\sqrt{2}$$

**B.** 
$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

D. 
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

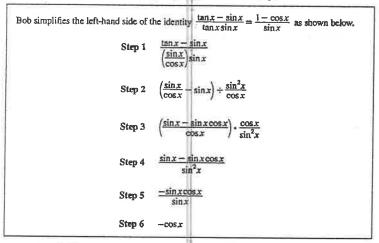
24. Given that  $tan x = \frac{3}{4}$ , where 180° < x < 270°, the exact value of cos(x - 30°) is

A. 
$$\frac{3\sqrt{3}+4}{10}$$

B. 
$$\frac{-3\sqrt{3}-4}{10}$$

C. 
$$\frac{3+4\sqrt{3}}{10}$$

D. 
$$\frac{-3-4\sqrt{3}}{10}$$



#### Numerical Response

9. The first recorded error in Bob's simplification is in Step\_\_\_\_\_\_

(Record your answer:)

Use the following information to answer the next question.

In 2008, the province of Alberta had three area codes: 780, 403, and 587. Telephone numbers in Alberta consist of the area code followed by a 7-digit number that cannot begin with the digits 0 or 1, and the digits can be repeated.

- 25. How many different phone numbers were available in the province of Alberta in 2008?
  - A. 24 000 000
  - B. 30 000 000
  - C. 216 000 000
  - D. 270 000 000

Math 30-1 Practice Diploma

Modified from: questaplus.alberta.ca

Use the following information to answer the next question.

Each switch on a panel can be set in 2 positions, "on" or "off," as shown below.



- 26. How many different setting arrangements are possible if 2 switches must be on and 2 switches must be off?
  - A. 4
  - B. 6
  - **C.** 8
  - D. 12

Use the following information to answer the next question.

In a particular family of 8 children, there are 5 boys and 3 girls. A photographer is hired to take a series of family pictures of the children only. For one of the pictures, the photographer selects 2 boys and 1 girl and arranges them in a row.

- 27. The number of different ways of arranging the three children for this picture is
  - A. 30
  - B. 60
  - C. 180
  - D. 360

## Numerical Response

The number of ways of arranging all the letters of the town name ENILDA if the vowels must be together and in alphabetical order is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(Record your answer.)

A student is asked to identify which of the following problems can be solved using  $\binom{n}{r}$ .

- 1 The number of different arrangements using all the letters of the word POSITIVE.
- 2 The number of different 5-player teams that can be selected from 7 boys and 6 girls.
- 3 The number of line segments that can be drawn using the vertices of an 8-sided polygon that are marked on a circle.
- 4 The number of different ways to choose 3 cupcakes from a display of 8 different cupcakes at a coffee shop.
- 5 The number of different ways to assign the job of stage manager and costume director in a school play, if 5 students apply.

### Numerical Response

11. The three problems above that can be solved using  $\binom{n}{r}$  are numbered \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_.

(Record all three digits of your answer in any order.)

- 28. In the expansion of the binomial  $\left(x \frac{3}{x}\right)^6$ , written in descending powers of x, the term that contains  $x^2$  is term number
  - A. 5
  - B. 4
  - C. 3
  - D. 2

Use the following information to answer the next question.

In the expansion of the binomial  $\left(2x + \frac{1}{2}\right)^{3}$ , written in descending powers of x, the fifth term can be expressed in the form  $ax^{b}$ , where  $a, b \in \mathbb{N}$ .

### Numerical Response

12. The value of the coefficient a is \_\_\_\_\_\_

(Record your answer.)

| ¥ |
|---|
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
|   |